Robert's Rules of Order A Brief Overview

How to Make and Vote on Motions

- Member makes a clearly worded motion to take action or a position.
 - · "I move..."
 - Motions recorded in minutes
- Motion must be seconded.
 - · "Second!"
 - A second allows discussion to occur;
 - it does not signify approval.
 - · A motion without a second does not move forward.
- Facilitator restates the motion.
 - "It is moved and seconded that..."
 - Provides clarity
- Discussion/debate occurs.
- Maker of motion starts discussion.
 - · Amendments may be offered return to step 1 to amend motion: "I move to amend the motion by..."
- Facilitator closes discussion and states the question/asks for a vote.
 - "The question is on the adoption of the motion that..."
 - Motion repeated word-for-word
- Facilitator provides voting directions:
 - e.g. hand vote, secret ballot, straw poll, etc.
- Facilitator announces the **result of the vote**:
 - "The ayes have it, and the motion is adopted" or
 - "The noes have it, the motion is lost."
 - · Recorded in minutes

Why follow Robert's Rules of Order?

- · Allows for democratic speech and action
- Preserves order
- · Rights of the organization supersede the rights of individual members
- Facilitates group decisions

Meeting Agendas

- 1. Approval of Previous Meeting Minutes
- 2. Reports (from officers, committees, task forces)
- 3. Unfinished Business
- 4. New Business items brought forward by motion procedure

Meeting Minutes (when using Robert's Rules of Order)

- Minutes are a legal record of meetings.
- · Minutes are a record of what is done at a meeting, not what is said.

Minutes should include:

- 1. Name, date and location of meeting
- 2. List of attendees (note presence of a quorum)
- 3. Time meeting was called to order
- 4. Conflict of Interest & Antitrust Avoidance Affirmation
- 5. Approval of previous meeting minutes
- 6. Motion text and name of maker
- 7. Status/results of motions
- 8. Time meeting was adjourned

Minutes do not include:

- DiscussionPersonal opinion
- Name of seconder of a motion
- is not necessary
- Motions withdrawn
- Entire reports (rather attach to minutes)

Motion

- A motion is a formal proposal by a member that the group take a certain action or position.
- · A main motion is required to begin the decision making process.
- · A motion occurs prior to discussion

| To Do This | Motion | You Say This | Debate Allowed? | Vote Required? |
|---|----------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| Introduce Business | Main | "I move that" | Yes | Majority |
| Second a Motion | Second | "Second!" | No | No |
| Change the Wording or add Clarity of a Motion | Amend | "I move to amend the motion by" (adding words; striking out words; substitute words) | Yes | Majority |
| Send to Committee | Commit /Refer | "I move the motion be referred to" | Yes | Majority |
| Postpone Action until a Specific Time | Postpone | "I move the motion be postponed until" (provide specific time on agenda /next meeting date) | Yes | Majority |
| Postpone Action until an Unspecified Time | Lay on the Table | "I move to lay the motion on the table." | No | Majority |
| Limit Debate | Limit Debate | "I move that the debate on this motion be limited to (one) speech of (two) minutes for each member." | No | Two-thirds |
| End Debate or Request a Vote | Previous Question | "I move the previous question." | No | Two-thirds |
| Take Intermission | Recess | "I move to recess for (time)." | No | Majority |
| Close Meeting | Adjourn | Adjourn "I move to adjourn." | No | Majority |

